

Is a Picture Worth 280 Characters?

Experiments 1 and 2 (Appendix B)

Benjamin Norwood Harris

```
library(stargazer)

##
## Please cite as:
## Hlavac, Marek (2022). stargazer: Well-Formatted Regression and Summary Statistics Tables.
## R package version 5.2.3. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=stargazer
library(lmtest)

## Loading required package: zoo
##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   as.Date, as.Date.numeric
library(ggplot2)
library(TOSTER)

#set WD and read in data.

setwd("/Users/harri/Dropbox (MIT)/Is a Picture Worth 280 Characters (Updated)/JEPS, Submission Folder, .
DF3 <-read.csv("Data, Experiments 1 and 2, June 2023.csv", fileEncoding = "UTF-8-BOM")

#Demographic Table Stats
#gender balance

table(DF3$Q.Female)

##
##   0   1
## 736 761

length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Female[DF3$Q.Female==0]))/length(DF3$Q.Female)

## [1] 0.4870946

sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Female))/length(DF3$Q.Female)

## [1] 0.50364

sum(is.na(DF3$Q.Female))/length(DF3$Q.Female)

## [1] 0.009265387
```

```

# race
sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.White))/length((DF3$Q.White))

## [1] 0.7240238
sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Black))/length((DF3$Q.Black))

## [1] 0.1164792
sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.AIorAN))/length((DF3$Q.AIorAN))

## [1] 0.009265387
sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Asian))/length((DF3$Q.Asian))

## [1] 0.05095963
sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.NHorPI))/length((DF3$Q.NHorPI))

## [1] 0.001323627
sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Hispanic))/length((DF3$Q.Hispanic))

## [1] 0.07147584
sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Mixed))/length((DF3$Q.Mixed))

## [1] 0.02183984
sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Other))/length((DF3$Q.Other))

## [1] 0.004632694
sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Other_Mixed))/length((DF3$Q.Other_Mixed))

## [1] 0.02647253
sum(is.na(DF3$Q.Race))/length(DF3$Q.Race)

## [1] 0

# age
summary(DF3$Q.Age)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
##  18.00   32.00   44.00   45.54   59.00   92.00     4

#education
table(DF3$Q.Education)

##
##  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8
## 10 40 364 371 188 376 35 127
sum((na.omit(DF3$Q.HighSchool)))/length((DF3$Q.HighSchool))

## [1] 0.9669093
sum((na.omit(DF3$Q.Bach)))/length((DF3$Q.Bach))

## [1] 0.3560556

```

```

sum(is.na(DF3$Q.Education))/length(DF3$Q.Education)

## [1] 0
#income

table(DF3$Q.Income)

##
##  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8
## 209 316 294 229 150 106 65 142

length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Income[DF3$Q.Income==1]))/length(DF3$Q.Income)

## [1] 0.138319

length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Income[DF3$Q.Income==2]))/length(DF3$Q.Income)

## [1] 0.209133

length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Income[DF3$Q.Income==3]))/length(DF3$Q.Income)

## [1] 0.1945731

length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Income[DF3$Q.Income==4]))/length(DF3$Q.Income)

## [1] 0.1515553

length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Income[DF3$Q.Income==5]))/length(DF3$Q.Income)

## [1] 0.09927201

length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Income[DF3$Q.Income==6]))/length(DF3$Q.Income)

## [1] 0.07015222

length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Income[DF3$Q.Income==7]))/length(DF3$Q.Income)

## [1] 0.04301787

length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Income[DF3$Q.Income==8]))/length(DF3$Q.Income)

## [1] 0.0939775

sum(is.na(DF3$Q.Income))/length(DF3$Q.Income)

## [1] 0
#political ID

table(DF3$Q.Political_ID)

##
##  1  2  3  4  5
## 157 276 660 296 122

sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Liberal))/length((DF3$Q.Liberal))

## [1] 0.2865652

sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Moderate))/length((DF3$Q.Moderate))

## [1] 0.4367968

```

```

sum(na.omit(DF3$Q.Conservative))/length((DF3$Q.Conservative))

## [1] 0.276638
sum(is.na(DF3$Q.Political_ID))/length(DF3$Q.Political_ID)

## [1] 0
#veteran status
table(DF3$Q.Veteran)

##
##      0      1
## 1374   137
length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Veteran[DF3$Q.Veteran==0]))/length(DF3$Q.Veteran)

## [1] 0.9093316
length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Veteran[DF3$Q.Veteran==1]))/length(DF3$Q.Veteran)

## [1] 0.09066843
sum(is.na(DF3$Q.Veteran))/length(DF3$Q.Veteran)

## [1] 0
#Twitter_Use
table(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use)

##
##      1      2      3      4      5
##  741  253  190  208  119
length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use[DF3$Q.Twitter_Use==1]))/length(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use)

## [1] 0.4904037
length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use[DF3$Q.Twitter_Use==2]))/length(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use)

## [1] 0.1674388
length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use[DF3$Q.Twitter_Use==3]))/length(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use)

## [1] 0.1257445
length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use[DF3$Q.Twitter_Use==4]))/length(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use)

## [1] 0.1376572
length(na.omit(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use[DF3$Q.Twitter_Use==5]))/length(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use)

## [1] 0.07875579
sum(is.na(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use))/length(DF3$Q.Twitter_Use)

## [1] 0

```

Tweet Analysis

Substantive Questions

```
#time for some regressions

#let's do a couple different models

##DV: credibility, IV: Tweet binary

## Model 1: No Demographics

T.Cred_Form_1 <- Credibility_Tweet ~ Tweet

## Model 5: Factor Demographics

T.Cred_Form_5 <-
  Credibility_Tweet ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix

T.Cred_Form_7 <- Credibility_Tweet ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

#regression

T.Cred_1 <- lm(T.Cred_Form_1,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

T.Cred_5 <- lm(T.Cred_Form_5,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

T.Cred_7 <- lm(T.Cred_Form_7,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(T.Cred_1, T.Cred_5, T.Cred_7, title = "Twitter Experiment, Perceived Credibility", no.space =

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:50
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Twitter Experiment, Perceived Credibility}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
```



```

## & & & (0.016) \\
## Q.Conservative & & & $-$0.565$^{\***}$ \\
## & & & (0.077) \\
## Q.Liberal & & & 0.362$^{\***}$ \\
## & & & (0.076) \\
## Q.Veteran & & 0.108 & 0.103 \\
## & & (0.112) & (0.112) \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).L & & 0.155$^{\*}$ & \\
## & & (0.092) & \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).Q & & $-$0.082 & \\
## & & (0.088) & \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).C & & 0.040 & \\
## & & (0.083) & \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))$\hat{\mkern6mu}$4 & & 0.041 & \\
## & & (0.085) & \\
## Q.Twitter\_Some & & & 0.172$^{\*}$ \\
## & & & (0.068) \\
## Constant & 3.116$^{\***}$ & 2.817$^{\***}$ & 2.860$^{\***}$ \\
## & (0.047) & (0.211) & (0.144) \\
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Observations & 1,511 & 1,493 & 1,493 \\
## R$^{\{2\}}$ & 0.0002 & 0.125 & 0.116 \\
## Adjusted R$^{\{2\}}$ & $-$0.0005 & 0.108 & 0.106 \\
## Residual Std. Error & 1.282 (df = 1509) & 1.213 (df = 1464) & 1.214 (df = 1476) \\
## F Statistic & 0.250 (df = 1; 1509) & 7.441$^{\***}$ (df = 28; 1464) & 12.055$^{\***}$ (df = 16; 1476) \\
## \hline
## \hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \textit{Note:} & \multicolumn{3}{r}{\textit{\$^{\*}$p$<$0.1; \$^{\**}$p$<$0.05; \$^{\***}$p$<$0.01}} \\
## \end{tabular}
## \end{table}

```

```
##DV: POTUS_Support, IV: Tweet binary
```

```
## Model 1: No Demographics
```

```
T.Potus_Form_1 <- POTUS_Support ~ Tweet
```

```
## Model 5: Factor Demographics
```

```

T.Potus_Form_5 <-
  POTUS_Support ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

```

```
## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix
```

```

T.Potus_Form_7 <- POTUS_Support ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

```

```

#regression

T.Potus_1 <- lm(T.Potus_Form_1,
               data = DF3,
               na.action=na.omit)

T.Potus_5 <- lm(T.Potus_Form_5,
               data = DF3,
               na.action=na.omit)

T.Potus_7 <- lm(T.Potus_Form_7,
               data = DF3,
               na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(T.Potus_1, T.Potus_5, T.Potus_7, title = "Twitter, Support for President", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@sp.i.cas.cz
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:50
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Twitter, Support for President}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
## \hline
## \hline \hline
## & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} & \\
## \cline{2-4}
## \hline & \multicolumn{3}{c}{POTUS\_Support} & \\
## \hline & (1) & (2) & (3) & \\
## \hline
## Tweet & 0.123$^{**}$ & 0.127$^{**}$ & 0.129$^{**}$ & \\
## & (0.062) & (0.062) & (0.062) & \\
## Q.Female & & $-$0.099 & $-$0.095 & \\
## & & (0.064) & (0.063) & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)2 & & 0.304$^{***}$ & 0.299$^{***}$ & \\
## & & (0.103) & (0.102) & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)3 & & 0.093 & 0.106 & \\
## & & (0.347) & (0.346) & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)4 & & 0.092 & 0.098 & \\
## & & (0.144) & (0.144) & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)5 & & $-$0.179 & $-$0.144 & \\
## & & (0.844) & (0.842) & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)6 & & $-$0.066 & $-$0.051 & \\
## & & (0.125) & (0.125) & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)7 & & 0.131 & 0.105 & \\
## & & (0.222) & (0.221) & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)8 & & 0.041 & $-$0.032 & \\
## & & (0.490) & (0.486) & \\
## Q.Age & & 0.009$^{***}$ & 0.009$^{***}$ & \\
## & & (0.002) & (0.002) & \\
## Q.HighSchool & & 0.317$^{*}$ & & \\
## & & (0.181) & & \\

```



```

## \end{table}
##DV: Iran_Perception, IV: Tweet binary

## Model 1: No Demographics

T.Iran_Form_1 <- Iran_Perception ~ Tweet

## Model 5: Factor Demographics

T.Iran_Form_5 <-
  Iran_Perception ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix

T.Iran_Form_7 <- Iran_Perception ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

#regression

T.Iran_1 <- lm(T.Iran_Form_1,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

T.Iran_5 <- lm(T.Iran_Form_5,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

T.Iran_7 <- lm(T.Iran_Form_7,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(T.Iran_1, T.Iran_5, T.Iran_7, title = "Twitter, Perception of Iran", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@icpsr.umich.edu
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:50
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Twitter, Perception of Iran}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
## \l[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \l[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \l
## \cline{2-4}
## \l[-1.8ex] & \multicolumn{3}{c}{Iran\_Perception} \l

```



```

      na.action=na.omit)

T.Realism_5 <- lm(T.Realism_Form_5,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

T.Realism_7 <- lm(T.Realism_Form_7,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(T.Realism_1, T.Realism_5, T.Realism_7, title = "Twitter, Perception of Crisis Realism", no.spa

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@sp
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:50
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Twitter, Perception of Crisis Realism}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
## \hline
## \hline
## & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\\
## \cline{2-4}
## \hline & \multicolumn{3}{c}{Crisis\_Realism\_Tweet} \\\
## \hline & (1) & (2) & (3) \\\
## \hline
## Tweet &  $-\$0.053$  &  $-\$0.060$  &  $-\$0.042$  \\\
## & (0.059) & (0.059) & (0.059) \\\
## Q.Female &  $0.114^{**}$  &  $0.104^{**}$  & \\\
## & (0.061) & (0.060) & \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)2 &  $-\$0.038$  &  $-\$0.015$  & \\\
## & (0.098) & (0.097) & \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)3 &  $0.214$  &  $0.178$  & \\\
## & (0.328) & (0.329) & \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)4 &  $-\$0.437^{***}$  &  $-\$0.449^{***}$  & \\\
## & (0.136) & (0.137) & \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)5 &  $-\$0.886$  &  $-\$0.962$  & \\\
## & (0.798) & (0.802) & \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)6 &  $-\$0.348^{***}$  &  $-\$0.338^{***}$  & \\\
## & (0.118) & (0.119) & \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)7 &  $-\$0.274$  &  $-\$0.253$  & \\\
## & (0.210) & (0.211) & \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)8 &  $-\$0.490$  &  $-\$0.630$  & \\\
## & (0.464) & (0.463) & \\\
## Q.Age &  $-\$0.003$  &  $-\$0.003$  & \\\
## & (0.002) & (0.002) & \\\
## Q.HighSchool &  $0.228$  & & \\\
## & (0.171) & & \\\
## Q.Bach &  $-\$0.115^{**}$  &  $-\$0.101$  & \\\
## & (0.067) & (0.067) & \\\
## factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)).L &  $0.217^{**}$  & & \\\
## & (0.102) & & \\\
## factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)).Q &  $0.061$  & & \\\

```


Timing and AC Questions

```
##DV: Twitter_Timer, IV: Tweet binary

## Model 1: No Demographics

T.Timer_Form_1 <- Twitter_Timer ~ Tweet

## Model 5: Factor Demographics

T.Timer_Form_5 <-
  Twitter_Timer ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix

T.Timer_Form_7 <- Twitter_Timer ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

#regression

T.Timer_1 <- lm(T.Timer_Form_1,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

T.Timer_5 <- lm(T.Timer_Form_5,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

T.Timer_7 <- lm(T.Timer_Form_7,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(T.Timer_1, T.Timer_5, T.Timer_7, title = "Twitter, Time Spent on Treatment", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@sp.uzh.ch
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:50
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Twitter, Time Spent on Treatment}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
## \\\[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \\\[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\\
## \cline{2-4}
```



```

## & & & (6.419) \\
## Q.Veteran & & $-$9.356 & $-$9.968 \\
## & & (9.411) & (9.388) \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).L & & 0.621 & \\
## & & (7.705) & \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).Q & & $-$3.432 & \\
## & & (7.356) & \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).C & & $-$3.647 & \\
## & & (6.936) & \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))$\\hat{\\mkern6mu}$4 & & $-$12.402 \\
## & & (7.174) & \\
## Q.Twitter\_Some & & & 4.353 \\
## & & & (5.748) \\
## Constant & 45.182$^{***}$ & 2.525 & 19.450 \\
## & (3.782) & (17.684) & (12.121) \\
## \\hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Observations & 1,511 & 1,493 & 1,493 \\
## R$^{2}$ & 0.0002 & 0.023 & 0.015 \\
## Adjusted R$^{2}$ & $-$0.0005 & 0.005 & 0.004 \\
## Residual Std. Error & 103.649 (df = 1509) & 101.901 (df = 1464) & 101.922 (df = 1476) \\
## F Statistic & 0.276 (df = 1; 1509) & 1.245 (df = 28; 1464) & 1.389 (df = 16; 1476) \\
## \\hline
## \\hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \\textit{Note:} & \\multicolumn{3}{r}{\\^{*}$p$<$0.1; \\^{**}$p$<$0.05; \\^{***}$p$<$0.01} \\
## \\end{tabular} \\
## \\end{table}

```

```
##DV: Target_Check_Binary, IV: Tweet binary
```

```
## Model 1: No Demographics
```

```
T.Target_Form_1 <- Target_Check_Binary ~ Tweet
```

```
## Model 5: Factor Demographics
```

```

T.Target_Form_5 <-
  Target_Check_Binary ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

```

```
## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix
```

```

T.Target_Form_7 <- Target_Check_Binary ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

```

```
#regression
```

```
T.Target_1 <- lm(T.Target_Form_1,
```



```

## Model 1: No Demographics

T.Support_Form_1 <- Support_Check_Binary ~ Tweet

## Model 5: Factor Demographics

T.Support_Form_5 <-
  Support_Check_Binary ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix

T.Support_Form_7 <- Support_Check_Binary ~ Tweet + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

#regression

T.Support_1 <- lm(T.Support_Form_1,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

T.Support_5 <- lm(T.Support_Form_5,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

T.Support_7 <- lm(T.Support_Form_7,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(T.Support_1, T.Support_5, T.Support_7, title = "Twitter, Support Check", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@sp.i.cas.cz
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:51
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Twitter, Support Check}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
## \hline
## \hline \hline \hline
## & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} & \hline
## \cline{2-4}
## \hline & \multicolumn{3}{c}{Support\_Check\_Binary} & \hline
## \hline & (1) & (2) & (3) & \hline
## \hline
## Tweet & $-$0.015 & $-$0.012 & $-$0.020 & \hline

```



```

    data = DF3,
    na.action=na.omit)

T.Sea_7 <- lm(T.Sea_Form_7,
    data = DF3,
    na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(T.Sea_1, T.Sea_5, T.Sea_7, title = "Twitter, Sea Check", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@spol.cz
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:51
## \begin{table}[\!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Twitter, Sea Check}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
## \hline
## \hline \hline
## & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\\
## \cline{2-4}
## \hline \hline & \multicolumn{3}{c}{Sea\_Check\_Binary} \\\
## \hline \hline & (1) & (2) & (3)\\
## \hline \hline
## Tweet &  $-\$0.004$  &  $0.010$  &  $0.006$  \\\
## &  $(0.025)$  &  $(0.025)$  &  $(0.025)$  \\\
## Q.Female & &  $0.056^{**}$  &  $0.060^{**}$  \\\
## & &  $(0.026)$  &  $(0.026)$  \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)2 & &  $-\$0.101^{**}$  &  $-\$0.116^{***}$  \\\
## & &  $(0.042)$  &  $(0.042)$  \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)3 & &  $-\$0.018$  &  $-\$0.021$  \\\
## & &  $(0.142)$  &  $(0.142)$  \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)4 & &  $-\$0.125^{**}$  &  $-\$0.118^{**}$  \\\
## & &  $(0.059)$  &  $(0.059)$  \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)5 & &  $-\$0.131$  &  $-\$0.121$  \\\
## & &  $(0.346)$  &  $(0.347)$  \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)6 & &  $0.022$  &  $0.021$  \\\
## & &  $(0.051)$  &  $(0.051)$  \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)7 & &  $-\$0.241^{***}$  &  $-\$0.221^{**}$  \\\
## & &  $(0.091)$  &  $(0.091)$  \\\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)8 & &  $0.116$  &  $0.057$  \\\
## & &  $(0.201)$  &  $(0.200)$  \\\
## Q.Age & &  $-\$0.001$  &  $-\$0.001$  \\\
## & &  $(0.001)$  &  $(0.001)$  \\\
## Q.HighSchool & &  $0.118$  & \\\
## & &  $(0.074)$  & \\\
## Q.Bach & &  $-\$0.043$  &  $-\$0.039$  \\\
## & &  $(0.029)$  &  $(0.029)$  \\\
## factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)).L & &  $0.036$  & \\\
## & &  $(0.044)$  & \\\
## factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)).Q & &  $-\$0.093^{**}$  & \\\
## & &  $(0.038)$  & \\\
## factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)).C & &  $0.085^{**}$  & \\\
## & &  $(0.041)$  & \\\

```



```
summary(T.Potus_7)$coefficients[2,]

## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## 0.1288872 0.06171189 2.0885578 0.03691872

summary(T.Iran_7)$coefficients[2,]

## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## 0.03188380 0.06272935 0.50827564 0.61133600

summary(T.Realism_7)$coefficients[2,]

## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## -0.04156102 0.05876280 -0.70726755 0.47951188

summary(T.Timer_7)$coefficients[2,]

## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## -1.7497350 5.3050608 -0.3298237 0.7415799

summary(T.Target_7)$coefficients[2,]

## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## 0.002047744 0.024397564 0.083932304 0.933121637

summary(T.Support_7)$coefficients[2,]

## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## -0.01955606 0.02334817 -0.83758452 0.40239969

summary(T.Sea_7)$coefficients[2,]

## Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## 0.005659383 0.025438795 0.222470556 0.823978371
```

ICA Analysis

Substantive Questions

```
##DV: credibility, IV: ICA binary

## Model 1: No Demographics

I.Cred_Form_1 <- Credibility_Leaked ~ ICA

## Model 5: Factor Demographics

I.Cred_Form_5 <-
  Credibility_Leaked ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix
```

```

I.Cred_Form_7 <- Credibility_Leaked ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

#regression

I.Cred_1 <- lm(I.Cred_Form_1,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

I.Cred_5 <- lm(I.Cred_Form_5,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

I.Cred_7 <- lm(I.Cred_Form_7,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(I.Cred_1, I.Cred_5, I.Cred_7, title = "Leaked ICA, Perceived Credibility", no.space = TRUE)

```

```

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@spiacr.cz
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:51
## \begin{table}[\!htbp] \centering
##   \caption{Leaked ICA, Perceived Credibility}
##   \label{}
##   \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
##     \hline
##     \hline \hline \hline
##     & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\\
##     \cline{2-4}
##     \hline \hline \hline \hline
##     & \multicolumn{3}{c}{Credibility\_Leaked} \\\
##     \hline \hline \hline \hline
##     ICA &  $-\$0.080$  &  $-\$0.083$  &  $-\$0.085$  \\\
##     & (0.052) & (0.053) & (0.053) \\\
##     Q.Female &  $-\$0.067$  &  $-\$0.059$  \\\
##     & (0.055) & (0.054) \\\
##     relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)2 &  $-\$0.154^{*}$  &  $-\$0.173^{**}$  \\\
##     & (0.088) & (0.087) \\\
##     relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)3 & 0.241 & 0.230 \\\
##     & (0.297) & (0.295) \\\
##     relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)4 &  $-\$0.347^{***}$  &  $-\$0.340^{***}$  \\\
##     & (0.123) & (0.123) \\\
##     relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)5 & 0.105 & 0.136 \\\
##     & (0.720) & (0.717) \\\
##     relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)6 &  $-\$0.061$  &  $-\$0.061$  \\\
##     & (0.107) & (0.106) \\\
##     relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)7 &  $-\$0.230$  &  $-\$0.232$  \\\
##     & (0.190) & (0.188) \\\
##     relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)8 &  $-\$0.023$  &  $-\$0.095$  \\\

```



```

## F Statistic & 2.315 (df = 1; 1509) & 1.635** (df = 28; 1464) & 2.551*** (df = 16; 1476) \\
## \hline
## \hline \[-1.8ex]
## \textit{Note:} & \multicolumn{3}{r}{*p<$0.1; **p<$0.05; ***p<$0.01} \\
## \end{tabular}
## \end{table}

##DV: Intl_Perception, IV: ICA binary

## Model 1: No Demographics

I.Intl_Form_1 <- Intl_Perception ~ ICA

## Model 5: Factor Demographics

I.Intl_Form_5 <-
  Intl_Perception ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix

I.Intl_Form_7 <- Intl_Perception ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

#regression

I.Intl_1 <- lm(I.Intl_Form_1,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

I.Intl_5 <- lm(I.Intl_Form_5,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

I.Intl_7 <- lm(I.Intl_Form_7,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(I.Intl_1, I.Intl_5, I.Intl_7, title = "Leaked ICA, International Perception", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@sp.i.cas.cz
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:51
## \begin{table}[\!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Leaked ICA, International Perception}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}

```



```

#regression

I.Auth_1 <- lm(I.Auth_Form_1,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

I.Auth_5 <- lm(I.Auth_Form_5,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

I.Auth_7 <- lm(I.Auth_Form_7,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(I.Auth_1, I.Auth_5, I.Auth_7, title = "Leaked ICA, Perceived Authenticity", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@sp.i.cas.cz
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:51
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Leaked ICA, Perceived Authenticity}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
## \hline
## \hline \hline
## & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} & \\
## \cline{2-4}
## \hline & \multicolumn{3}{c}{Authenticity} & \\
## \hline & (1) & (2) & (3) & \\
## \hline
## ICA &  $-\$0.163^{***}$  &  $-\$0.156^{***}$  &  $-\$0.162^{***}$  & \\
## & (0.049) & (0.049) & (0.049) & \\
## Q.Female &  $-\$0.095^{*}$  &  $-\$0.097^{*}$  & & \\
## & (0.051) & (0.050) & & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)2 & & 0.062 & 0.067 & \\
## & (0.082) & (0.081) & & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)3 & & 0.366 & 0.337 & \\
## & (0.275) & (0.275) & & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)4 & &  $-\$0.346^{***}$  &  $-\$0.350^{***}$  & \\
## & (0.114) & (0.114) & & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)5 & & 0.792 & 0.777 & \\
## & (0.666) & (0.667) & & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)6 & & 0.109 & 0.100 & \\
## & (0.099) & (0.099) & & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)7 & &  $-\$0.025$  &  $-\$0.031$  & \\
## & (0.176) & (0.175) & & \\
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)8 & & 0.427 & 0.328 & \\
## & (0.387) & (0.385) & & \\
## Q.Age &  $0.006^{***}$  &  $0.006^{***}$  & & \\
## & (0.002) & (0.002) & & \\
## Q.HighSchool & & 0.161 & & \\
## & (0.143) & & &

```



```

## Q.Veteran & & $-$0.056 & $-$0.051 \\  

## & & (0.084) & (0.084) \\  

## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).L & & 0.082 & \\  

## & & (0.068) & \\  

## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).Q & & 0.107 & \\  

## & & (0.065) & \\  

## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).C & & 0.171*** & \\  

## & & (0.062) & \\  

## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) $\hat{\mu}_4$  & & 0.024 & \\  

## & & (0.064) & \\  

## Q.Twitter\_Some & & & 0.051 \\  

## & & & (0.051) \\  

## Constant & 4.196*** & 3.942*** & 3.826*** \\  

## & (0.033) & (0.158) & (0.109) \\  

## \hline \\[ -1.8ex  

## Observations & 1,511 & 1,493 & 1,493 \\  

## R2 & 0.001 & 0.041 & 0.029 \\  

## Adjusted R2 & 0.0003 & 0.022 & 0.019 \\  

## Residual Std. Error & 0.921 (df = 1509) & 0.906 (df = 1464) & 0.907 (df = 1476) \\  

## F Statistic & 1.410 (df = 1; 1509) & 2.221*** (df = 28; 1464) & 2.780*** (df = 16; 1476) \\  

## \hline  

## \hline \\[ -1.8ex  

## \textit{Note:} & \multicolumn{3}{r}{*$p < $0.1; **$p < $0.05; ***$p < $0.01} \\  

## \end{tabular}  

## \end{table}

```

Timing and AC Questions

```
##DV: ICA_Timer, IV: ICA binary
```

```
## Model 1: No Demographics
```

```
I.Timer_Form_1 <- ICA_Timer ~ ICA
```

```
## Model 5: Factor Demographics
```

```
I.Timer_Form_5 <-  

ICA_Timer ~ ICA + Q.Female +  

relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat  

Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +  

factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered  

factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor  

Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
```

```
## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix
```

```
I.Timer_Form_7 <- ICA_Timer ~ ICA + Q.Female +  

relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat  

Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy  

Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries  

Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some
```

```
#regression
```



```

##DV: Used_Check_Binary, IV: ICA binary

## Model 1: No Demographics

I.Used_Form_1 <- Used_Check_Binary ~ ICA

## Model 5: Factor Demographics

I.Used_Form_5 <-
  Used_Check_Binary ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix

I.Used_Form_7 <- Used_Check_Binary ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

#regression

I.Used_1 <- lm(I.Used_Form_1,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

I.Used_5 <- lm(I.Used_Form_5,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

I.Used_7 <- lm(I.Used_Form_7,
              data = DF3,
              na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(I.Used_1, I.Used_5, I.Used_7, title = "Leaked ICA, Used Check", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@icpsr.umich.edu
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:52
## \begin{table}[\!htbp] \centering
##   \caption{Leaked ICA, Used Check}
##   \label{}
##   \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
##     \hline
##     \hline \hline \hline
##     & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} & \\
##     \cline{2-4}
##     \hline & \multicolumn{3}{c}{Used\_Check\_Binary} & \\
##     \hline & (1) & (2) & (3) & \\

```



```

## & & (0.034) & (0.034) \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).L & & $-0.043 & \\
## & & (0.027) & \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).Q & & 0.022 & \\
## & & (0.026) & \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)).C & & 0.058$^{**}$ & \\
## & & (0.025) & \\
## factor(Q.Twitter\_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))$\\hat{\\mkern6mu}$4 & & $-0.025 \\
## & & (0.026) & \\
## Q.Twitter\_Some & & & $-0.009 \\
## & & & (0.021) \\
## Constant & 0.822$^{***}$ & 0.650$^{***}$ & 0.736$^{***}$ \\
## & (0.014) & (0.063) & (0.044) \\
## \\hline \\[-1.8ex]
## Observations & 1,511 & 1,493 & 1,493 \\
## R$^{2}$ & 0.0001 & 0.094 & 0.071 \\
## Adjusted R$^{2}$ & $-0.001 & 0.077 & 0.061 \\
## Residual Std. Error & 0.380 (df = 1509) & 0.365 (df = 1464) & 0.368 (df = 1476) \\
## F Statistic & 0.137 (df = 1; 1509) & 5.433$^{***}$ (df = 28; 1464) & 7.073$^{***}$ (df = 16; 1476) \\
## \\hline
## \\hline \\[-1.8ex]
## \\textit{Note:} & \\multicolumn{3}{r}{\\^{*}$p$<$0.1; \\^{**}$p$<$0.05; \\^{***}$p$<$0.01} \\
## \\end{tabular}
## \\end{table}

```

```
##DV: Supplied_Check_Binary, IV: ICA binary
```

```
## Model 1: No Demographics
```

```
I.Supplied_Form_1 <- Supplied_Check_Binary ~ ICA
```

```
## Model 5: Factor Demographics
```

```

I.Supplied_Form_5 <-
  Supplied_Check_Binary ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

```

```
## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix
```

```

I.Supplied_Form_7 <- Supplied_Check_Binary ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

```

```
#regression
```

```

I.Supplied_1 <- lm(I.Supplied_Form_1,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

```

```

I.Supplied_5 <- lm(I.Supplied_Form_5,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

I.Supplied_7 <- lm(I.Supplied_Form_7,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(I.Supplied_1, I.Supplied_5, I.Supplied_7, title = "Leaked ICA, Supplied Check", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@spis.cz
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:52
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Leaked ICA, Supplied Check}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
## \ll[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \ll[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} & \ll
## \cline{2-4}
## \ll[-1.8ex] & \multicolumn{3}{c}{Supplied\_Check\_Binary} & \ll
## \ll[-1.8ex] & (1) & (2) & (3) & \ll
## \hline \ll[-1.8ex]
## ICA & 0.047$^{***}$ & 0.050$^{***}$ & 0.048$^{***}$ & \ll
## & (0.015) & (0.014) & (0.014) & \ll
## Q.Female & & $-$0.011 & $-$0.007 & \ll
## & & (0.015) & (0.015) & \ll
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)2 & & $-$0.080$^{***}$ & $-$0.088$^{***}$ & \ll
## & & (0.024) & (0.024) & \ll
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)3 & & $-$0.006 & $-$0.0004 & \ll
## & & (0.080) & (0.081) & \ll
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)4 & & $-$0.051 & $-$0.047 & \ll
## & & (0.033) & (0.033) & \ll
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)5 & & 0.091 & 0.113 & \ll
## & & (0.195) & (0.195) & \ll
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)6 & & $-$0.072$^{**}$ & $-$0.071$^{**}$ & \ll
## & & (0.029) & (0.029) & \ll
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)7 & & 0.063 & 0.056 & \ll
## & & (0.051) & (0.051) & \ll
## relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1)8 & & $-$0.033 & $-$0.061 & \ll
## & & (0.113) & (0.113) & \ll
## Q.Age & & 0.002$^{***}$ & 0.002$^{***}$ & \ll
## & & (0.0005) & (0.0005) & \ll
## Q.HighSchool & & 0.073$^{*}$ & & \ll
## & & (0.042) & & \ll
## Q.Bach & & 0.006 & 0.009 & \ll
## & & (0.016) & (0.016) & \ll
## factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)).L & & 0.057$^{**}$ & & \ll
## & & (0.025) & & \ll
## factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)).Q & & $-$0.038$^{*}$ & & \ll
## & & (0.021) & & \ll

```



```

I.Intel_Form_1 <- Intel_Check_Binary ~ ICA

## Model 5: Factor Demographics

I.Intel_Form_5 <-
  Intel_Check_Binary ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.HighSchool + Q.Bach +
  factor(Q.Income, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8)) + #treats income as an ordered
  factor(Q.Political_ID, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)) + #treats party as an ordered factor
  Q.Veteran + factor(Q.Twitter_Use, ordered = TRUE, levels = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5))

## Model 7: Slightly simplified for the Appendix

I.Intel_Form_7 <- Intel_Check_Binary ~ ICA + Q.Female +
  relevel(as.factor(Q.Race), ref = 1) + #makes white the reference cat
  Q.Age + Q.Bach + Q.Income + #treats income as a continuous variable, removes high school dummy
  Q.Conservative + Q.Liberal + #uses party binaries
  Q.Veteran + Q.Twitter_Some

#regression

I.Intel_1 <- lm(I.Intel_Form_1,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

I.Intel_5 <- lm(I.Intel_Form_5,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

I.Intel_7 <- lm(I.Intel_Form_7,
  data = DF3,
  na.action=na.omit)

stargazer(I.Intel_1, I.Intel_5, I.Intel_7, title = "Leaked ICA, Intel Check", no.space = TRUE)

##
## % Table created by stargazer v.5.2.3 by Marek Hlavac, Social Policy Institute. E-mail: marek.hlavac@sp-i.cz
## % Date and time: Fri, May 24, 2024 - 15:14:52
## \begin{table}[!htbp] \centering
## \caption{Leaked ICA, Intel Check}
## \label{}
## \begin{tabular}{@{\extracolsep{5pt}}lccc}
## \[-1.8ex]\hline
## \hline \[-1.8ex]
## & \multicolumn{3}{c}{\textit{Dependent variable:}} \\\
## \cline{2-4}
## \[-1.8ex] & \multicolumn{3}{c}{Intel\_Check\_Binary} \\\
## \[-1.8ex] & (1) & (2) & (3) \\\
## \hline \[-1.8ex]
## ICA & $-$0.014 & $-$0.014 & $-$0.017 \\\
## & (0.023) & (0.023) & (0.023) \\\
## Q.Female & & $-$0.070*** & $-$0.060** \\\

```



```
summary(I.Intel_7)$coefficients[2,]
```

```
##      Estimate Std. Error    t value    Pr(>|t|)
## -0.01657758  0.02289060 -0.72420888  0.46905228
```

Means and SE Estimates

Twitter

Substantive Questions

```
##### Credibility_Tweet
```

```
T.Cred_Full_1 <- Credibility_Tweet ~ 0 + as.factor(Tweet)
```

```
lm_T.Cred_Full_1 <- lm(T.Cred_Full_1,
                       data = DF3)
```

```
summary(lm_T.Cred_Full_1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = T.Cred_Full_1, data = DF3)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.11585 -1.08289 -0.08289  0.91711  1.91711
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## as.factor(Tweet)0  3.11585     0.04677  66.62 <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(Tweet)1  3.08289     0.04649  66.31 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.282 on 1509 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.8541, Adjusted R-squared:  0.8539
## F-statistic: 4418 on 2 and 1509 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$Credibility_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==1]))
```

```
## [1] 760
```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$Credibility_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==0]))
```

```
## [1] 751
```

```
##### POTUS_Support
```

```
T.Potus_Full_1 <- POTUS_Support ~ 0 + as.factor(Tweet)
```

```
lm_T.Potus_Full_1 <- lm(T.Potus_Full_1,
                       data = DF3)
```



```

## Multiple R-squared:  0.8288, Adjusted R-squared:  0.8286
## F-statistic:  3653 on 2 and 1509 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
length(na.omit(DF3$Iran_Perception[DF3$Tweet==1]))

## [1] 760
length(na.omit(DF3$Iran_Perception[DF3$Tweet==0]))

## [1] 751
##### Crisis_Realism_Tweet

T.Realism_Full_1 <- Crisis_Realism_Tweet ~ 0 + as.factor(Tweet)

lm_T.Realism_Full_1 <- lm(T.Realism_Full_1,
                          data = DF3)

summary(lm_T.Realism_Full_1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = T.Realism_Full_1, data = DF3)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.7204 -0.7204  0.2796  1.2796  1.3329
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## as.factor(Tweet)0  3.72037     0.04150   89.64  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(Tweet)1  3.66711     0.04126   88.89  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.137 on 1509 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9135, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9134
## F-statistic:  7968 on 2 and 1509 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
length(na.omit(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==1]))

## [1] 760
length(na.omit(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==0]))

## [1] 751

```

Timing and AC

```

##### Twitter_Timer

T.Timer_Full_1 <- Twitter_Timer ~ 0 + as.factor(Tweet)

lm_T.Timer_Full_1 <- lm(T.Timer_Full_1,
                       data = DF3)

```

```

summary(lm_T.Timer__Full_1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = T.Timer__Full_1, data = DF3)
##
## Residuals:
##   Min     1Q  Median     3Q    Max
## -44.4 -27.7 -10.8   7.2 3381.9
##
## Coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## as.factor(Tweet)0   45.182      3.782   11.95  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(Tweet)1   42.378      3.760   11.27  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 103.6 on 1509 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1517, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1505
## F-statistic: 134.9 on 2 and 1509 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
length(na.omit(DF3$Twitter_Timer[DF3$Tweet==1]))

## [1] 760
length(na.omit(DF3$Twitter_Timer[DF3$Tweet==0]))

## [1] 751
##### Target Check
T.Target_Full_1 <- Target_Check_Binary ~ 0 + as.factor(Tweet)

lm_T.Target_Full_1 <- lm(T.Target_Full_1,
                        data = DF3)

summary(lm_T.Target_Full_1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = T.Target_Full_1, data = DF3)
##
## Residuals:
##   Min     1Q  Median     3Q    Max
## -0.6303 -0.6258  0.3697  0.3742  0.3742
##
## Coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## as.factor(Tweet)0   0.62583     0.01765   35.46  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(Tweet)1   0.63026     0.01754   35.93  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4836 on 1509 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6281, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6276
## F-statistic: 1274 on 2 and 1509 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```

length(na.omit(DF3$Target_Check_Binary[DF3$Tweet==1]))

## [1] 760
length(na.omit(DF3$Target_Check_Binary[DF3$Tweet==0]))

## [1] 751
#### Support Check
T.Support_Full_1 <- Support_Check_Binary ~ 0 + as.factor(Tweet)

lm_T.Support_Full_1 <- lm(T.Support_Full_1,
                        data = DF3)

summary(lm_T.Support_Full_1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = T.Support_Full_1, data = DF3)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.6977 -0.6829  0.3023  0.3171  0.3171
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## as.factor(Tweet)0  0.69774    0.01688  41.33  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(Tweet)1  0.68289    0.01678  40.69  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4626 on 1509 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.6904, Adjusted R-squared:  0.6899
## F-statistic: 1682 on 2 and 1509 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16
length(na.omit(DF3$Support_Check_Binary[DF3$Tweet==1]))

## [1] 760
length(na.omit(DF3$Support_Check_Binary[DF3$Tweet==0]))

## [1] 751
#### Sea Check
T.Sea_Full_1 <- Sea_Check_Binary ~ 0 + as.factor(Tweet)

lm_T.Sea_Full_1 <- lm(T.Sea_Full_1,
                    data = DF3)

summary(lm_T.Sea_Full_1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = T.Sea_Full_1, data = DF3)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max

```



```
length(na.omit(DF3$Credibility_Leaked[DF3$ICA==0]))
```

```
## [1] 757
```

Intl_Perception

```
I.Intl_Full_1 <- Intl_Perception ~ 0 + as.factor(ICA)
```

```
lm_I.Intl_Full_1 <- lm(I.Intl_Full_1,  
  data = DF3)
```

```
summary(lm_I.Intl_Full_1)
```

```
##
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## lm(formula = I.Intl_Full_1, data = DF3)
```

```
##
```

```
## Residuals:
```

```
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max  
## -3.02774 -0.02774  0.04377  0.97226  1.04377
```

```
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
```

```
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)  
## as.factor(ICA)0  4.02774     0.03329   121.0 <2e-16 ***  
## as.factor(ICA)1  3.95623     0.03336   118.6 <2e-16 ***
```

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
```

```
## Residual standard error: 0.9159 on 1509 degrees of freedom
```

```
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9501, Adjusted R-squared:  0.95
```

```
## F-statistic: 1.435e+04 on 2 and 1509 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$Intl_Perception[DF3$ICA==1]))
```

```
## [1] 754
```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$Intl_Perception[DF3$ICA==0]))
```

```
## [1] 757
```

Authenticity

```
I.Auth_Full_1 <- Authenticity ~ 0 + as.factor(ICA)
```

```
lm_I.Auth_Full_1 <- lm(I.Auth_Full_1,  
  data = DF3)
```

```
summary(lm_I.Auth_Full_1)
```

```
##
```

```
## Call:
```

```
## lm(formula = I.Auth_Full_1, data = DF3)
```

```
##
```

```
## Residuals:
```

```
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
```

```

## -2.7741 -0.6114 0.2259 0.3886 1.3886
##
## Coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## as.factor(ICA)0  3.77411     0.03468  108.8  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(ICA)1  3.61141     0.03474  103.9  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9541 on 1509 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9375, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9375
## F-statistic: 1.133e+04 on 2 and 1509 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$Authenticity[DF3$ICA==1]))
```

```
## [1] 754
```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$Authenticity[DF3$ICA==0]))
```

```
## [1] 757
```

```
##### Crisis_Realism_Leak
```

```
I.Realism_Full_1 <- Crisis_Realism_Leak ~ 0 + as.factor(ICA)
```

```
lm_I.Realism_Full_1 <- lm(I.Realism_Full_1,
                        data = DF3)
```

```
summary(lm_I.Realism_Full_1)
```

```

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = I.Realism_Full_1, data = DF3)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -3.1955 -0.1955 -0.1393  0.8045  0.8607
##
## Coefficients:
##           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## as.factor(ICA)0  4.19551     0.03347  125.4  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(ICA)1  4.13926     0.03353  123.4  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9208 on 1509 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9535, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9535
## F-statistic: 1.548e+04 on 2 and 1509 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Leak[DF3$ICA==1]))
```

```
## [1] 754
```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Leak[DF3$ICA==0]))
```

```
## [1] 757
```

Timing and AC

ICA_Timer

```
I.Timer_Full_1 <- ICA_Timer ~ 0 + as.factor(ICA)
```

```
lm_I.Timer_Full_1 <- lm(I.Timer_Full_1,  
                        data = DF3)
```

```
summary(lm_I.Timer_Full_1)
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = I.Timer_Full_1, data = DF3)  
##  
## Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max  
## -46.08 -32.52 -12.17  12.41 1591.85  
##  
## Coefficients:  
##                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)  
## as.factor(ICA)0   47.173      2.481   19.01  <2e-16 ***  
## as.factor(ICA)1   46.310      2.486   18.63  <2e-16 ***  
## ---  
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1  
##  
## Residual standard error: 68.26 on 1509 degrees of freedom  
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3195, Adjusted R-squared:  0.3186  
## F-statistic: 354.3 on 2 and 1509 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$ICA_Timer[DF3$ICA==1]))
```

```
## [1] 754
```

```
length(na.omit(DF3$ICA_Timer[DF3$ICA==0]))
```

```
## [1] 757
```

Used_Check_Binary

```
I.Used_Full_1 <- Used_Check_Binary ~ 0 + as.factor(ICA)
```

```
lm_I.Used_Full_1 <- lm(I.Used_Full_1,  
                      data = DF3)
```

```
summary(lm_I.Used_Full_1)
```

```
##  
## Call:  
## lm(formula = I.Used_Full_1, data = DF3)  
##  
## Residuals:  
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max  
## -0.8289  0.1711  0.1711  0.1783  0.1783
```



```
##### Intel_Check_Binary

I.Intel_Full_1 <- Intel_Check_Binary ~ 0 + as.factor(ICA)

lm_I.Intel_Full_1 <- lm(I.Intel_Full_1,
                       data = DF3)

summary(lm_I.Intel_Full_1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = I.Intel_Full_1, data = DF3)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -0.7239 -0.7096  0.2761  0.2904  0.2904
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## as.factor(ICA)0  0.72391    0.01639   44.18  <2e-16 ***
## as.factor(ICA)1  0.70955    0.01642   43.22  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4508 on 1509 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.7168, Adjusted R-squared:  0.7164
## F-statistic: 1910 on 2 and 1509 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

length(na.omit(DF3$Intel_Check_Binary[DF3$ICA==1]))

## [1] 754

length(na.omit(DF3$Intel_Check_Binary[DF3$ICA==0]))

## [1] 757
```

Graphs

Twitter

Substantive Questions

```
#put all the names, estimates, SEs, and behavior into one df for graphing
Results_DF <- as.data.frame(matrix(data = c("Threat Credibility", coefest(T.Cred_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
                                           "Threat Credibility", coefest(T.Cred_5)[2, 1:2], "yes",
                                           "Support for President", coefest(T.Potus_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
                                           "Support for President", coefest(T.Potus_5)[2, 1:2], "yes",
                                           "Iran Threat Belief", coefest(T.Iran_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
                                           "Iran Threat Belief", coefest(T.Iran_5)[2, 1:2], "yes",
                                           "Crisis Realism", coefest(T.Realism_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
                                           "Crisis Realism", coefest(T.Realism_5)[2, 1:2], "yes"),
                                ncol = 4, byrow = TRUE))

colnames(Results_DF) <- c("dv", "estimate", "se", "controls")
```



```

      "Target Check", coeftest(T.Target_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
      "Target Check", coeftest(T.Target_5)[2, 1:2], "yes",
      "Support Check", coeftest(T.Support_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
      "Support Check", coeftest(T.Support_5)[2, 1:2], "yes",
      "Sea Check", coeftest(T.Sea_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
      "Sea Check", coeftest(T.Sea_5)[2, 1:2], "yes"),
      ncol = 4, byrow = TRUE))

colnames(Results_DF) <- c("dv", "estimate", "se", "controls")

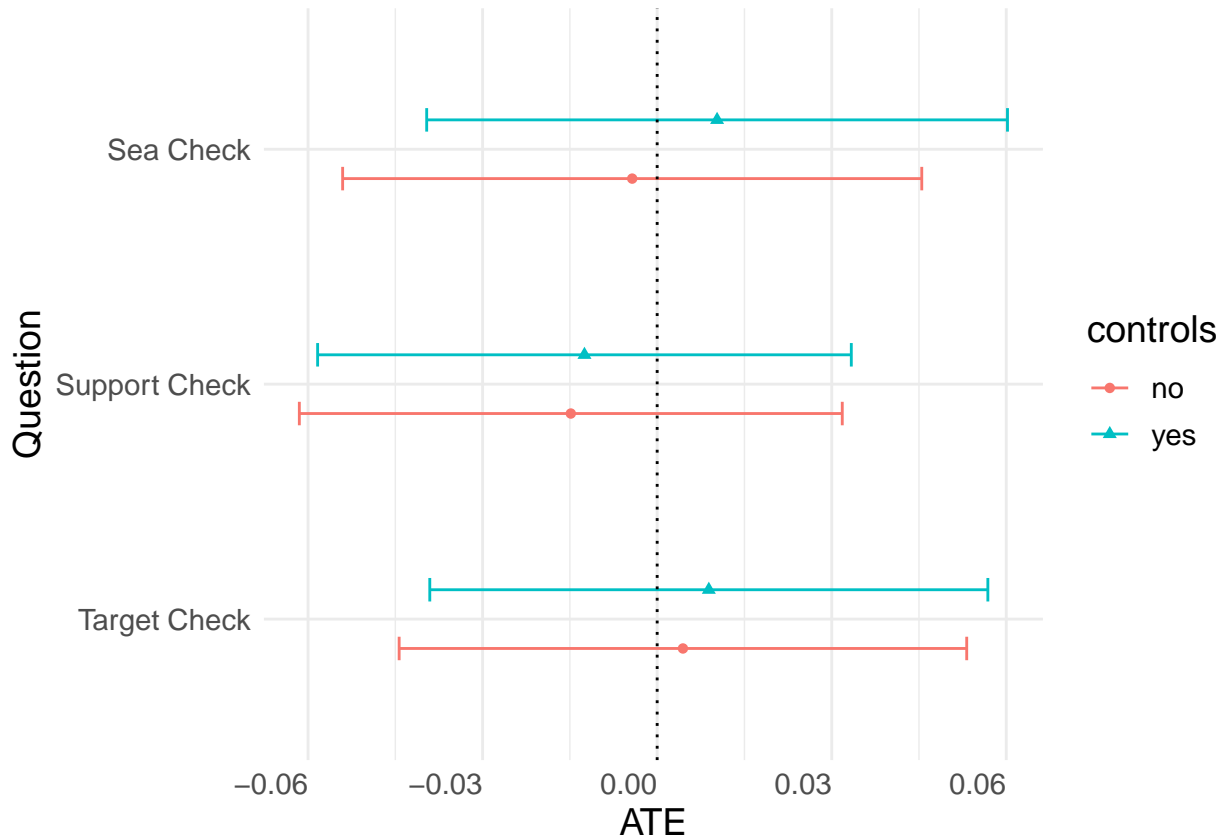
#making into correct operators
Results_DF$dv <- factor(Results_DF$dv, levels = c("Target Check", "Support Check", "Sea Check"))
Results_DF$estimate <- as.numeric(Results_DF$estimate)
Results_DF$se <- as.numeric(Results_DF$se)

#adding in CIs
q <- as.numeric(qnorm(p=.05/2, lower.tail=FALSE))
Results_DF$ci <- Results_DF$se*q

## graph time
pd <- position_dodge(0.5)

ggplot(Results_DF, aes(x = dv, y = estimate, color = controls)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=controls, shape=controls), position = pd) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = estimate - ci, ymax = estimate + ci), width = .2, position = pd) +
  theme_minimal() + xlab("Question") + ylab("ATE") +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype="dotted") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(hjust = 1), text = element_text(size = 14)) + coord_flip()

```



```
# ggtitle("ATE of Tweet Treatment on Attention Checks") #removed for paper
```

Leaked ICA

Substantive Questions

```
#put all the names, estimates, SEs, and behavior into one df for graphing
Results_DF <- as.data.frame(matrix(data = c("Credibility", coefest(I.Cred_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
    "Credibility", coefest(I.Cred_5)[2, 1:2], "yes",
    "Intl Perception", coefest(I.Intl_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
    "Intl Perception", coefest(I.Intl_5)[2, 1:2], "yes",
    "Authenticity", coefest(I.Auth_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
    "Authenticity", coefest(I.Auth_5)[2, 1:2], "yes",
    "Crisis Realism", coefest(I.Realism_1)[2, 1:2], "no",
    "Crisis Realism", coefest(I.Realism_5)[2, 1:2], "yes"),
    ncol = 4, byrow = TRUE))

colnames(Results_DF) <- c("dv", "estimate", "se", "controls")

#making into correct operators
Results_DF$dv <- factor(Results_DF$dv, levels = c("Credibility", "Intl Perception", "Authenticity", "Cr
Results_DF$estimate <- as.numeric(Results_DF$estimate)
Results_DF$se <- as.numeric(Results_DF$se)

#adding in CIs
q <- as.numeric(qnorm(p=.05/2, lower.tail=FALSE))
Results_DF$ci <- Results_DF$se*q
```



```

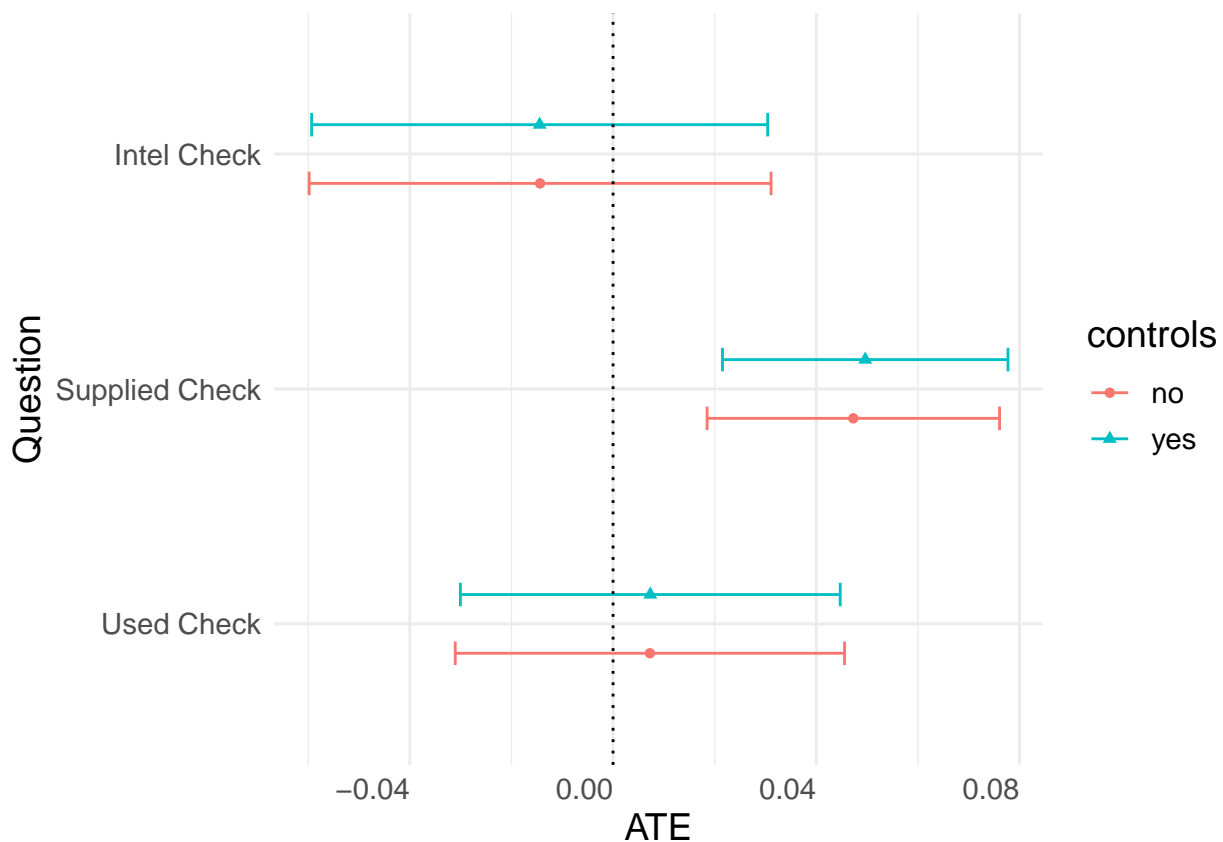
#making into correct operators
Results_DF$dv <- factor(Results_DF$dv, levels = c("Used Check", "Supplied Check", "Intel Check"))
Results_DF$estimate <- as.numeric(Results_DF$estimate)
Results_DF$se <- as.numeric(Results_DF$se)

#adding in CIs
q <- as.numeric(qnorm(p=.05/2, lower.tail=FALSE))
Results_DF$ci <- Results_DF$se*q

## graph time
pd <- position_dodge(0.5)

ggplot(Results_DF, aes(x = dv, y = estimate, color = controls)) +
  geom_point(aes(color=controls, shape=controls), position = pd) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = estimate - ci, ymax = estimate + ci), width = .2, position = pd) +
  theme_minimal() + xlab("Question") + ylab("ATE") +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, linetype="dotted") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(hjust = 1), text = element_text(size = 14)) + coord_flip()

```



```

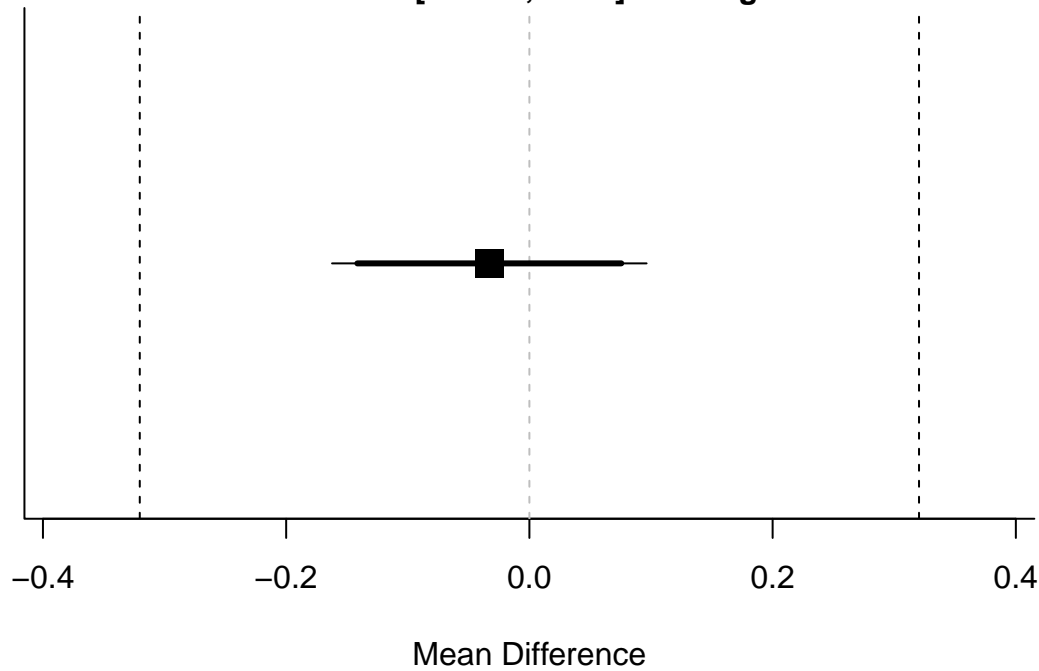
# ggtitle("ATE of ICA Treatment on Attention Checks") #removed for paper

```

Equivalence Testing


```
## The null hypothesis test was non-significant,  $t(1508.21) = -0.500$ ,  $p = 0.617$ , given an alpha of 0.05
##
## NHST: don't reject null significance hypothesis that the effect is equal to 0
## TOST: reject null equivalence hypothesis
```

Equivalence bounds -0.32 and 0.32
Mean difference = -0.033
TOST: 90% CI [-0.141;0.076] significant
NHST: 95% CI [-0.162;0.096] non-significant



```
#####POTUS_Support#####

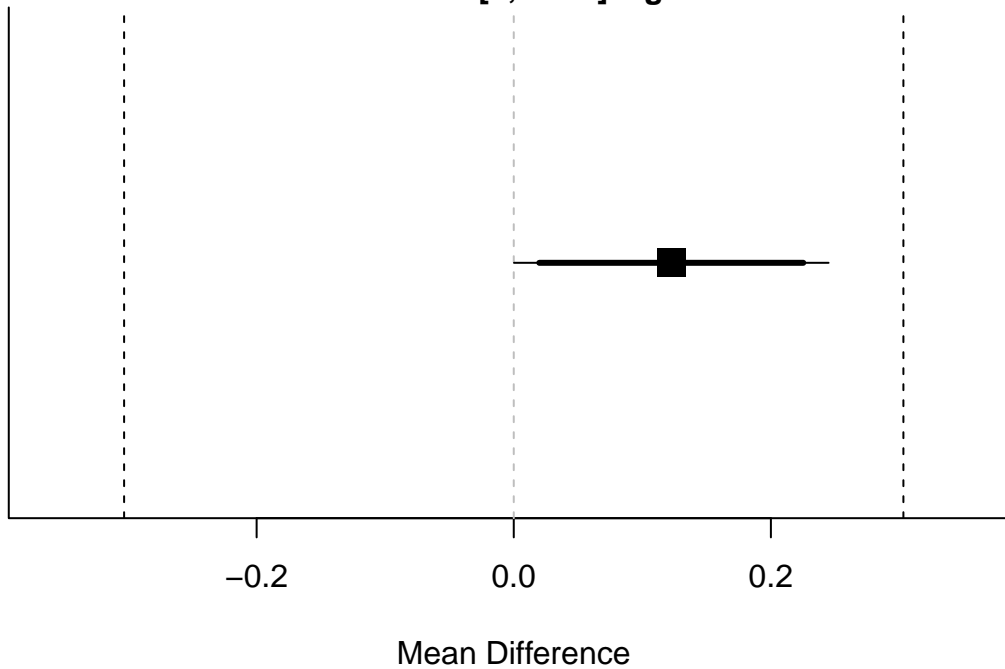
#using the TOSTER package
#two sample Welch test equivalence
#needs several inputs

Avg_Tweet <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$POTUS_Support[DF3$Tweet==1]))
Avg_PlainText <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$POTUS_Support[DF3$Tweet==0]))
SD_Tweet <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$POTUS_Support[DF3$Tweet==1]))
SD_PlainText <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$POTUS_Support[DF3$Tweet==0]))
N_Tweet <- length(DF3$POTUS_Support[DF3$Tweet==1])
N_PlainText <- length(DF3$POTUS_Support[DF3$Tweet==0])
LowerBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale
HigherBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale
Alpha <- 0.05 #traditional

TOSTtwo(m1=Avg_Tweet, m2=Avg_PlainText,
        sd1=SD_Tweet, sd2=SD_PlainText,
        n1=N_Tweet, n2=N_PlainText,
        low_eqbound_d=-LowerBound, high_eqbound_d=HigherBound, alpha = Alpha)
```

```
## TOST results:
## t-value lower bound: 6.82    p-value lower bound: 0.00000000006
## t-value upper bound: -2.89   p-value upper bound: 0.002
## degrees of freedom : 1508.91
##
## Equivalence bounds (Cohen's d):
## low eqbound: -0.25
## high eqbound: 0.25
##
## Equivalence bounds (raw scores):
## low eqbound: -0.3031
## high eqbound: 0.3031
##
## TOST confidence interval:
## lower bound 90% CI: 0.02
## upper bound 90% CI: 0.225
##
## NHST confidence interval:
## lower bound 95% CI: 0
## upper bound 95% CI: 0.245
##
## Equivalence Test Result:
## The equivalence test was significant,  $t(1508.91) = -2.894$ ,  $p = 0.00193$ , given equivalence bounds of .
##
##
## Null Hypothesis Test Result:
## The null hypothesis test was significant,  $t(1508.91) = 1.965$ ,  $p = 0.0496$ , given an alpha of 0.05.
##
## NHST: reject null significance hypothesis that the effect is equal to 0
## TOST: reject null equivalence hypothesis
```

Equivalence bounds –0.303 and 0.303
Mean difference = 0.123
TOST: 90% CI [0.02;0.225] significant
NHST: 95% CI [0;0.245] significant



#####Iran_Perception#####

#using the TOSTER package
#two sample Welch test equivalence
#needs several inputs

```

Avg_Tweet <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Iran_Perception[DF3$Tweet==1]))
Avg_PlainText <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Iran_Perception[DF3$Tweet==0]))
SD_Tweet <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Iran_Perception[DF3$Tweet==1]))
SD_PlainText <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Iran_Perception[DF3$Tweet==0]))
N_Tweet <- length(DF3$Iran_Perception[DF3$Tweet==1])
N_PlainText <- length(DF3$Iran_Perception[DF3$Tweet==0])
LowerBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale
HigherBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale
Alpha <- 0.05 #traditional

TOSTtwo(m1=Avg_Tweet, m2=Avg_PlainText,
        sd1=SD_Tweet, sd2=SD_PlainText,
        n1=N_Tweet, n2=N_PlainText,
        low_eqbound_d=-LowerBound, high_eqbound_d=HigherBound, alpha = Alpha)

```

```

## TOST results:
## t-value lower bound: 4.89    p-value lower bound: 0.0000006
## t-value upper bound: -4.83   p-value upper bound: 0.0000008
## degrees of freedom : 1508.99
##

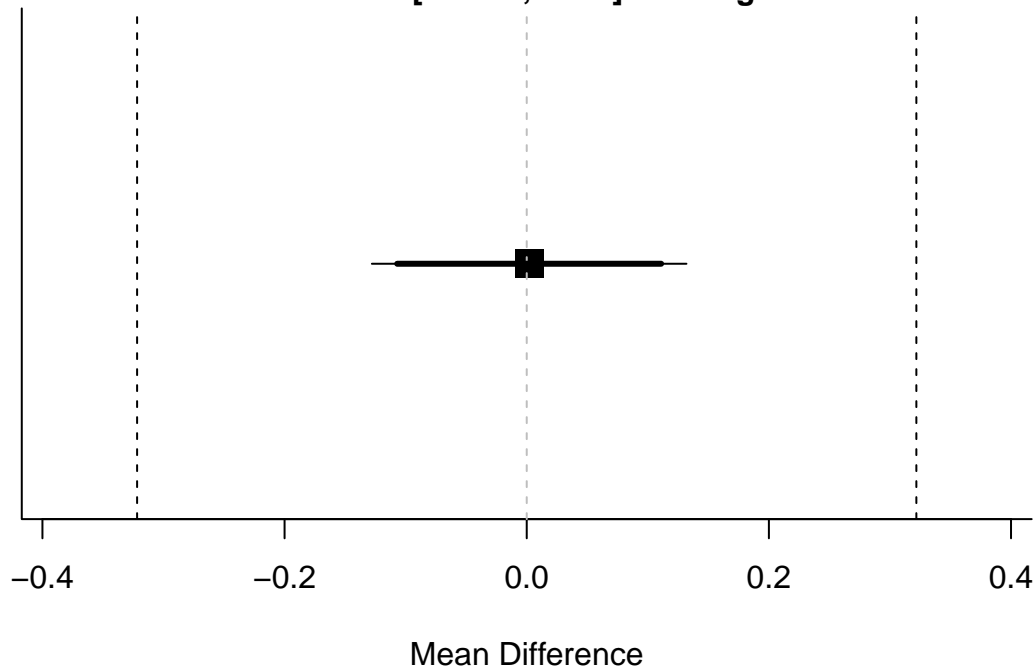
```

```

## Equivalence bounds (Cohen's d):
## low eqbound: -0.25
## high eqbound: 0.25
##
## Equivalence bounds (raw scores):
## low eqbound: -0.3218
## high eqbound: 0.3218
##
## TOST confidence interval:
## lower bound 90% CI: -0.107
## upper bound 90% CI: 0.111
##
## NHST confidence interval:
## lower bound 95% CI: -0.128
## upper bound 95% CI: 0.132
##
## Equivalence Test Result:
## The equivalence test was significant,  $t(1508.99) = -4.829$ ,  $p = 0.000000757$ , given equivalence bounds
##
##
## Null Hypothesis Test Result:
## The null hypothesis test was non-significant,  $t(1508.99) = 0.0305$ ,  $p = 0.976$ , given an alpha of 0.05
##
## NHST: don't reject null significance hypothesis that the effect is equal to 0
## TOST: reject null equivalence hypothesis

```

Equivalence bounds -0.322 and 0.322
Mean difference = 0.002
TOST: 90% CI [-0.107;0.111] significant
NHST: 95% CI [-0.128;0.132] non-significant



```
#####Crisis_Realism_Tweet#####
```

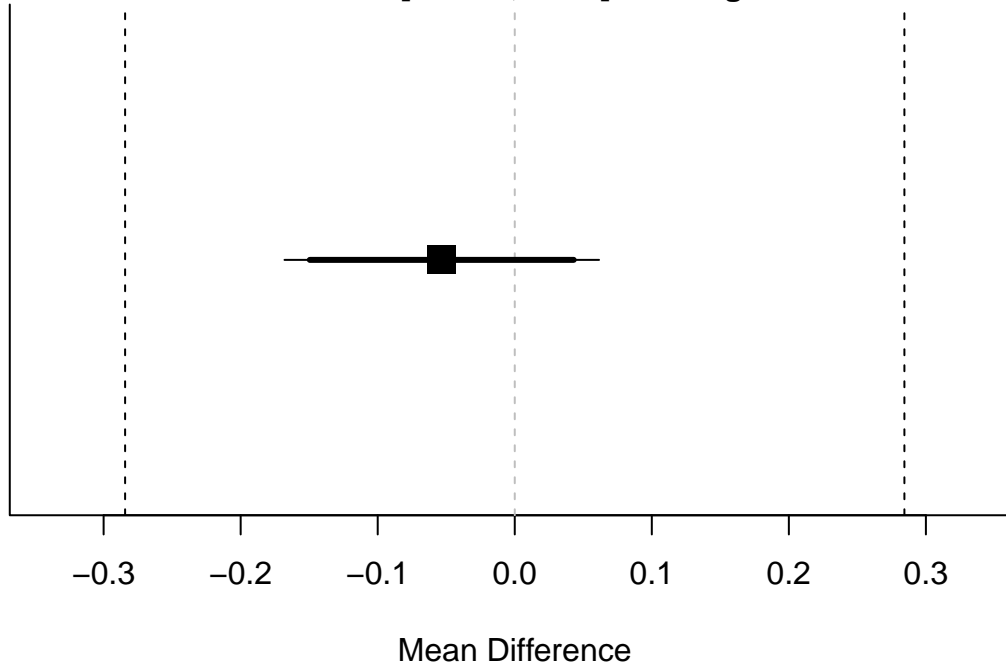
```
#using the TOSTER package  
#two sample Welch test equivalence  
#needs several inputs
```

```
Avg_Tweet <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==1]))  
Avg_PlainText <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==0]))  
SD_Tweet <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==1]))  
SD_PlainText <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==0]))  
N_Tweet <- length(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==1])  
N_PlainText <- length(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Tweet[DF3$Tweet==0])  
LowerBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale  
HigherBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale  
Alpha <- 0.05 #traditional  
  
TOSTtwo(m1=Avg_Tweet, m2=Avg_PlainText,  
        sd1=SD_Tweet, sd2=SD_PlainText,  
        n1=N_Tweet, n2=N_PlainText,  
        low_eqbound_d=-LowerBound, high_eqbound_d=HigherBound, alpha = Alpha)
```

```
## TOST results:  
## t-value lower bound: 3.95    p-value lower bound: 0.00004  
## t-value upper bound: -5.77  p-value upper bound: 0.000000005  
## degrees of freedom : 1508.41  
##  
## Equivalence bounds (Cohen's d):  
## low eqbound: -0.25  
## high eqbound: 0.25  
##  
## Equivalence bounds (raw scores):  
## low eqbound: -0.2843  
## high eqbound: 0.2843  
##  
## TOST confidence interval:  
## lower bound 90% CI: -0.15  
## upper bound 90% CI: 0.043  
##  
## NHST confidence interval:  
## lower bound 95% CI: -0.168  
## upper bound 95% CI: 0.062  
##  
## Equivalence Test Result:  
## The equivalence test was significant,  $t(1508.41) = 3.949$ ,  $p = 0.0000411$ , given equivalence bounds of  
##  
##  
## Null Hypothesis Test Result:  
## The null hypothesis test was non-significant,  $t(1508.41) = -0.910$ ,  $p = 0.363$ , given an alpha of 0.05  
##  
## NHST: don't reject null significance hypothesis that the effect is equal to 0
```

```
## TOST: reject null equivalence hypothesis
```

Equivalence bounds -0.284 and 0.284
Mean difference = -0.053
TOST: 90% CI [-0.15;0.043] significant
NHST: 95% CI [-0.168;0.062] non-significant



ICA

```
#####Credibility_Leaked#####
```

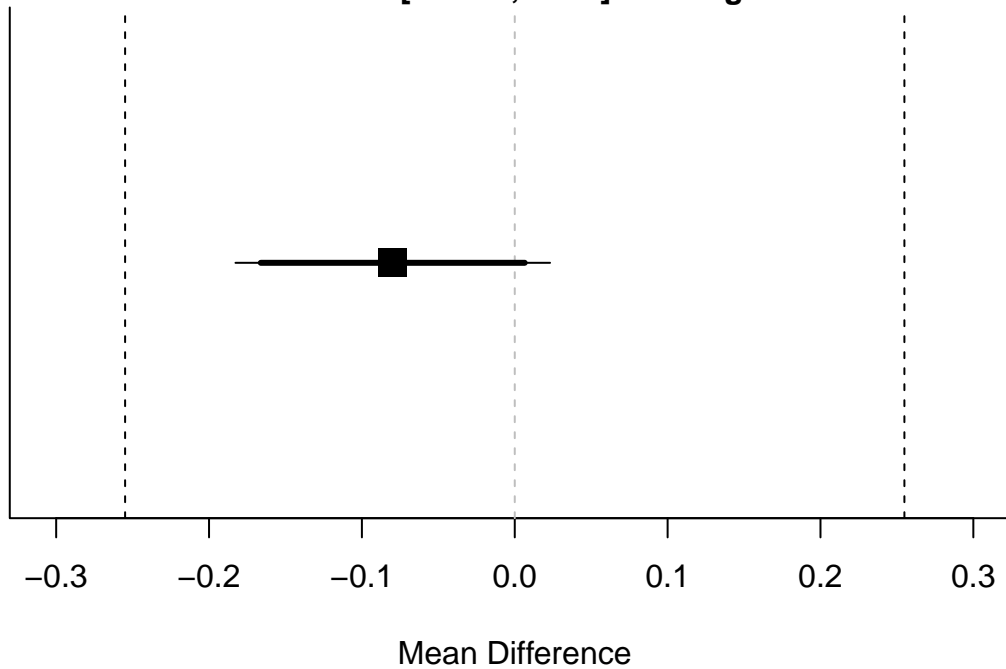
```
#using the TOSTER package  
#two sample Welch test equivalence  
#needs several inputs
```

```
Avg_ICA <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Credibility_Leaked[DF3$ICA==1]))  
Avg_PlainText <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Credibility_Leaked[DF3$ICA==0]))  
SD_ICA <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Credibility_Leaked[DF3$ICA==1]))  
SD_PlainText <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Credibility_Leaked[DF3$ICA==0]))  
N_ICA <- length(DF3$Credibility_Leaked[DF3$ICA==1])  
N_PlainText <- length(DF3$Credibility_Leaked[DF3$ICA==0])  
LowerBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale  
HigherBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale  
Alpha <- 0.05 #traditional  
  
TOSTtwo(m1=Avg_ICA, m2=Avg_PlainText,  
        sd1=SD_ICA, sd2=SD_PlainText,  
        n1=N_ICA, n2=N_PlainText,  
        low_eqbound_d=-LowerBound, high_eqbound_d=HigherBound, alpha = Alpha)
```

```
## TOST results:
```

```
## t-value lower bound: 3.34    p-value lower bound: 0.0004
## t-value upper bound: -6.38   p-value upper bound: 0.0000000001
## degrees of freedom : 1508.6
##
## Equivalence bounds (Cohen's d):
## low eqbound: -0.25
## high eqbound: 0.25
##
## Equivalence bounds (raw scores):
## low eqbound: -0.2549
## high eqbound: 0.2549
##
## TOST confidence interval:
## lower bound 90% CI: -0.166
## upper bound 90% CI: 0.007
##
## NHST confidence interval:
## lower bound 95% CI: -0.183
## upper bound 95% CI: 0.023
##
## Equivalence Test Result:
## The equivalence test was significant,  $t(1508.6) = 3.338$ ,  $p = 0.000433$ , given equivalence bounds of -
##
##
## Null Hypothesis Test Result:
## The null hypothesis test was non-significant,  $t(1508.6) = -1.521$ ,  $p = 0.128$ , given an alpha of 0.05.
##
## NHST: don't reject null significance hypothesis that the effect is equal to 0
## TOST: reject null equivalence hypothesis
```

Equivalence bounds -0.255 and 0.255
Mean difference = -0.08
TOST: 90% CI [-0.166;0.007] significant
NHST: 95% CI [-0.183;0.023] non-significant



```

#####Intl_Perception#####

#using the TOSTER package
#two sample Welch test equivalence
#needs several inputs

Avg_ICA <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Intl_Perception[DF3$ICA==1]))
Avg_PlainText <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Intl_Perception[DF3$ICA==0]))
SD_ICA <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Intl_Perception[DF3$ICA==1]))
SD_PlainText <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Intl_Perception[DF3$ICA==0]))
N_ICA <- length(DF3$Intl_Perception[DF3$ICA==1])
N_PlainText <- length(DF3$Intl_Perception[DF3$ICA==0])
LowerBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale
HigherBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale
Alpha <- 0.05 #traditional

TOSTtwo(m1=Avg_ICA, m2=Avg_PlainText,
        sd1=SD_ICA, sd2=SD_PlainText,
        n1=N_ICA, n2=N_PlainText,
        low_eqbound_d=-LowerBound, high_eqbound_d=HigherBound, alpha = Alpha)

## TOST results:
## t-value lower bound: 3.34    p-value lower bound: 0.0004
## t-value upper bound: -6.38  p-value upper bound: 0.0000000001
## degrees of freedom : 1508.99
##

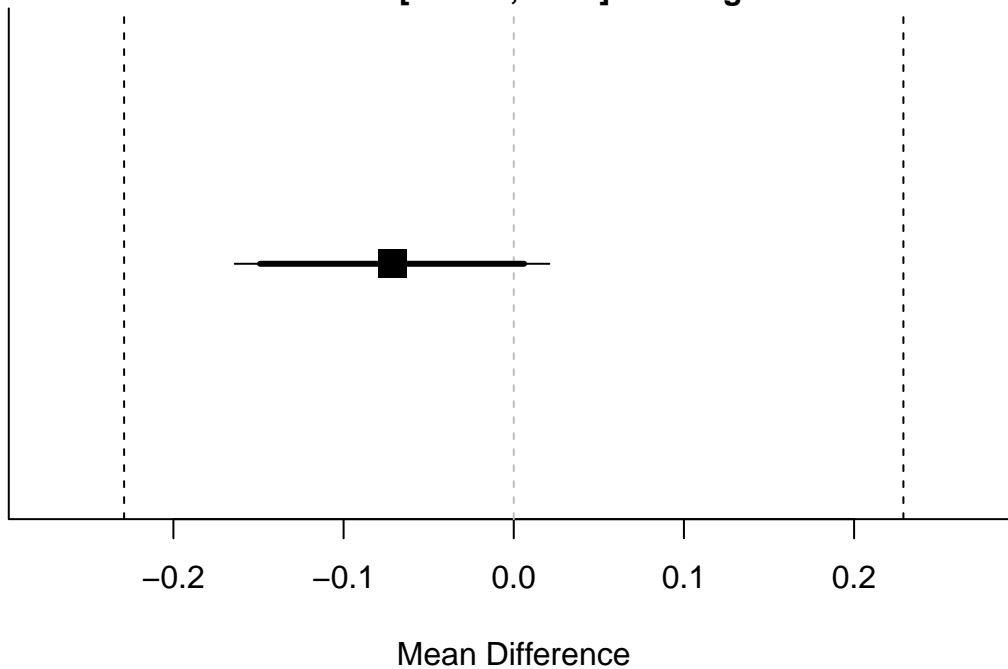
```

```

## Equivalence bounds (Cohen's d):
## low eqbound: -0.25
## high eqbound: 0.25
##
## Equivalence bounds (raw scores):
## low eqbound: -0.229
## high eqbound: 0.229
##
## TOST confidence interval:
## lower bound 90% CI: -0.149
## upper bound 90% CI: 0.006
##
## NHST confidence interval:
## lower bound 95% CI: -0.164
## upper bound 95% CI: 0.021
##
## Equivalence Test Result:
## The equivalence test was significant,  $t(1508.99) = 3.342$ ,  $p = 0.000427$ , given equivalence bounds of .
##
##
## Null Hypothesis Test Result:
## The null hypothesis test was non-significant,  $t(1508.99) = -1.517$ ,  $p = 0.129$ , given an alpha of 0.05
##
## NHST: don't reject null significance hypothesis that the effect is equal to 0
## TOST: reject null equivalence hypothesis

```

Equivalence bounds -0.229 and 0.229
Mean difference = -0.072
TOST: 90% CI [-0.149;0.006] significant
NHST: 95% CI [-0.164;0.021] non-significant



```
#####Authenticity#####
```

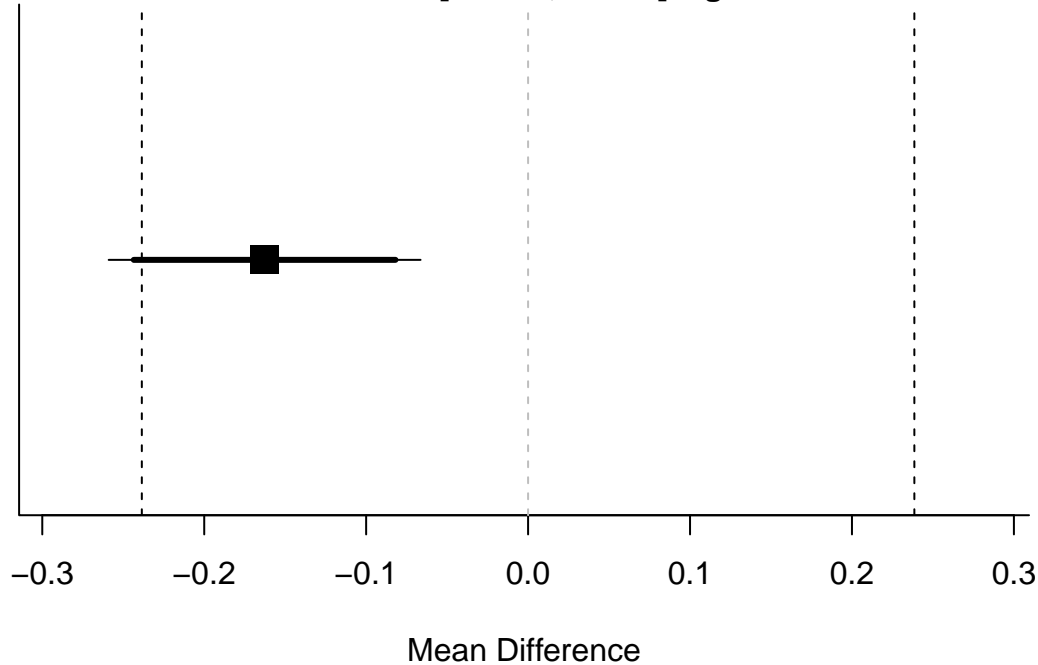
```
#using the TOSTER package  
#two sample Welch test equivalence  
#needs several inputs
```

```
Avg_ICA <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Authenticity[DF3$ICA==1]))  
Avg_PlainText <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Authenticity[DF3$ICA==0]))  
SD_ICA <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Authenticity[DF3$ICA==1]))  
SD_PlainText <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Authenticity[DF3$ICA==0]))  
N_ICA <- length(DF3$Authenticity[DF3$ICA==1])  
N_PlainText <- length(DF3$Authenticity[DF3$ICA==0])  
LowerBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale  
HigherBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale  
Alpha <- 0.05 #traditional  
  
TOSTtwo(m1=Avg_ICA, m2=Avg_PlainText,  
        sd1=SD_ICA, sd2=SD_PlainText,  
        n1=N_ICA, n2=N_PlainText,  
        low_eqbound_d=LowerBound, high_eqbound_d=HigherBound, alpha = Alpha)
```

```
## TOST results:  
## t-value lower bound: 1.54    p-value lower bound: 0.061  
## t-value upper bound: -8.17   p-value upper bound: 0.0000000000000003  
## degrees of freedom : 1498.87  
##  
## Equivalence bounds (Cohen's d):  
## low eqbound: -0.25  
## high eqbound: 0.25  
##  
## Equivalence bounds (raw scores):  
## low eqbound: -0.2385  
## high eqbound: 0.2385  
##  
## TOST confidence interval:  
## lower bound 90% CI: -0.244  
## upper bound 90% CI: -0.082  
##  
## NHST confidence interval:  
## lower bound 95% CI: -0.259  
## upper bound 95% CI: -0.066  
##  
## Equivalence Test Result:  
## The equivalence test was non-significant,  $t(1498.87) = 1.545$ ,  $p = 0.0613$ , given equivalence bounds of  
##  
##  
## Null Hypothesis Test Result:  
## The null hypothesis test was significant,  $t(1498.87) = -3.314$ ,  $p = 0.000942$ , given an alpha of 0.05.  
##  
## NHST: reject null significance hypothesis that the effect is equal to 0
```

```
## TOST: don't reject null equivalence hypothesis
```

Equivalence bounds -0.239 and 0.239
Mean difference = -0.163
TOST: 90% CI [-0.244;-0.082] non-significant
NHST: 95% CI [-0.259;-0.066] significant



```
#####Crisis_Realism_Leak#####
```

```
#using the TOSTER package  
#two sample Welch test equivalence  
#needs several inputs
```

```
Avg_ICA <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Leak[DF3$ICA==1]))  
Avg_PlainText <- mean(as.numeric(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Leak[DF3$ICA==0]))  
SD_ICA <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Leak[DF3$ICA==1]))  
SD_PlainText <- sd(as.numeric(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Leak[DF3$ICA==0]))  
N_ICA <- length(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Leak[DF3$ICA==1])  
N_PlainText <- length(DF3$Crisis_Realism_Leak[DF3$ICA==0])  
LowerBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale  
HigherBound <- 5/20 #1/20 of scale  
Alpha <- 0.05 #traditional  
  
TOSTtwo(m1=Avg_ICA, m2=Avg_PlainText,  
        sd1=SD_ICA, sd2=SD_PlainText,  
        n1=N_ICA, n2=N_PlainText,  
        low_eqbound_d=-LowerBound, high_eqbound_d=HigherBound, alpha = Alpha)
```

```
## TOST results:  
## t-value lower bound: 3.67    p-value lower bound: 0.0001  
## t-value upper bound: -6.05  p-value upper bound: 0.000000009
```

```
## degrees of freedom : 1507.46
##
## Equivalence bounds (Cohen's d):
## low eqbound: -0.25
## high eqbound: 0.25
##
## Equivalence bounds (raw scores):
## low eqbound: -0.2302
## high eqbound: 0.2302
##
## TOST confidence interval:
## lower bound 90% CI: -0.134
## upper bound 90% CI: 0.022
##
## NHST confidence interval:
## lower bound 95% CI: -0.149
## upper bound 95% CI: 0.037
##
## Equivalence Test Result:
## The equivalence test was significant,  $t(1507.46) = 3.672$ ,  $p = 0.000125$ , given equivalence bounds of
##
##
## Null Hypothesis Test Result:
## The null hypothesis test was non-significant,  $t(1507.46) = -1.187$ ,  $p = 0.235$ , given an alpha of 0.05
##
## NHST: don't reject null significance hypothesis that the effect is equal to 0
## TOST: reject null equivalence hypothesis
```

Equivalence bounds -0.23 and 0.23
Mean difference = -0.056
TOST: 90% CI [-0.134;0.022] significant
NHST: 95% CI [-0.149;0.037] non-significant

